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Prisoners in 2007

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This report presents data from the National Prisoner Statistics program. It describes the change in the prison population during 2007 and also the characteristics of the 1,598,316 prisoners under state or federal jurisdiction on December 31, 2007. Additionally, it provides the imprisonment rates and age, race, gender distributions for the 1,532,817 prisoners sentenced to more than one year. It quantifies changes in prison admissions and releases, inmates held in custody, prison capacity, and components of the total incarcerated population.

Growth in the prison population slowed during 2007

At yearend 2007, federal and state correctional authorities had jurisdiction over 1,598,316 prisoners (1,483,896 males; 114,420 females) (table 1). *Jurisdiction* refers to the legal authority over a prisoner, regardless of where the prisoner is held. After increasing 2.8% during 2006, the growth of the prison population slowed to 1.8% during 2007. The 1.8% increase was slower than the average annual growth witnessed from 2000 to 2006 (2.0%).

During 2007, the prison population increased more rapidly than the U.S. resident population. The imprisonment rate—the number of sentenced prisoners per 100,000 residents—increased from 501 prisoners per 100,000 U.S. residents in 2006 to 506 prisoners per 100,000 U.S. residents in 2007. From 2000 through 2007, the imprisonment rate increased from 475 per 100,000 U.S. residents to 506 per 100,000 U.S. residents. During these seven years, the number of sentenced prisoners increased by 15% while the general population increased by 6.4%.

As in previous years (with the exception of 2002) the majority of the 2007 growth in the prison population occurred during the first 6 months of the year (figure 1). From December 31, 2006 to June 30, 2007, the prison population increased by 1.5%, whereas from June 30, 2007 to December 31, 2007, the prison population increased 0.2%.

Table 1. Prisoners under state or federal jurisdiction, December 31, 2000, 2006, and 2007

	Number of prisoners			Average annual change 2000-06	Percent change 2006-07
	2000	2006	2007		
Total^a	1,391,261	1,570,691	1,598,316	2.0%	1.8%
Federal	145,416	193,046	199,618	4.8	3.4
State	1,245,845	1,377,645	1,398,698	1.7	1.5
Gender					
Male	1,298,027	1,457,486	1,483,896	1.9%	1.8%
Female	93,234	112,459	114,420	3.2	1.7
Sentenced to more than 1 year ^a	1,331,278	1,504,660	1,532,817	2.1%	1.9%
Imprisonment rate ^b	478	501	506	0.7%	1.0%

^aIncludes prisoners under the legal authority of state or federal correctional officials.

^bImprisonment rates are based on U.S. Census Bureau population estimates per 100,000 U.S. residents. Resident population estimates are as of January 1 in each year following the reference year.

Annual and 6-month changes in the number of prisoners under state and federal jurisdiction

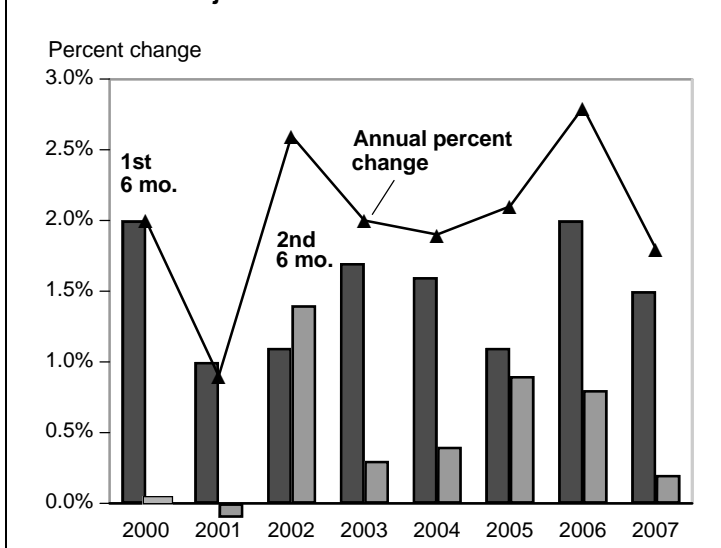


Figure 1

Detailed information is available in appendix tables in the online version of this report on the BJS Website at <<http://www.ojp.usdoj.gov/bjs/pub/pdf/p07.pdf>>.

During 2007, the prison population increased by 27,625 prisoners. The state prison population increased by 21,053—reaching 1,398,698 prisoners. The federal prison population increased by 6,572—reaching 199,618 prisoners.

The prison populations in 37 jurisdictions increased during 2007. The federal prison population experienced the largest absolute increase of 6,572 prisoners, followed by Florida (up 5,250 prisoners), Kentucky (up 2,457 prisoners) and Arizona (up 1,945 prisoners), resulting in 58.7% of the change in the overall prison population (table 2). Kentucky (12.3%), Mississippi (6.5%), Florida (5.6%), West Virginia (5.6%), and Arizona (5.4%) reported the largest percentage increases in their prison populations.

In the 12 months ending December 31, 2007, the prison populations in the remaining 14 states decreased. Michigan's (1,344) and California's (1,230) prison populations experienced the greatest absolute decrease. Vermont (down 3.2%), Montana (down 2.8%), Michigan (down 2.6%), and New Mexico (down 2.6%) prison populations had the largest percent decreases.

Table 2. Prisoners under state or federal jurisdiction by region and jurisdiction, December 31, 2007, and averages of the preceding 6 years

Region and jurisdiction	Number of prisoners			Average annual change 2000-2006	Percent change 2006-2007
	2000	2006	2007		
U.S. Total	1,391,261	1,570,691	1,598,316	2.0%	1.8%
Federal	145,416	193,046	199,618	4.8	3.4
State	1,245,845	1,377,645	1,398,698	1.7	1.5
Northeast	174,826	177,817	179,107	0.3%	0.7%
Connecticut ^a	18,355	20,566	20,924	1.9	1.7
Maine ^b	1,679	2,120	2,222	4.0	:
Massachusetts	10,722	11,032	11,436	0.5	3.7
New Hampshire	2,257	2,805	2,943	3.7	4.9
New Jersey	29,784	27,371	26,827	-1.4	-2.0
New York	70,199	63,315	62,623	-1.7	-1.1
Pennsylvania	36,847	44,397	45,969	3.2	3.5
Rhode Island ^a	3,286	3,996	4,018	3.3	0.6
Vermont ^a	1,697	2,215	2,145	4.5	-3.2
Midwest	237,378	261,413	263,039	1.6%	0.6%
Illinois ^b	45,281	45,106	45,215	-0.1	:
Indiana	20,125	26,091	27,132	4.4	4.0
Iowa ^c	7,955	8,838	8,732	1.8	-1.2
Kansas	8,344	8,816	8,696	0.9	-1.4
Michigan	47,718	51,577	50,233	1.3	-2.6
Minnesota	6,238	9,108	9,468	6.5	4.0
Missouri	27,543	30,167	29,857	1.5	-1.0
Nebraska	3,895	4,407	4,505	2.1	2.2
North Dakota	1,076	1,363	1,416	4.0	3.9
Ohio	45,833	49,166	50,731	1.2	3.2
South Dakota	2,616	3,359	3,311	4.3	-1.4
Wisconsin	20,754	23,415	23,743	2.0	1.4
South	561,214	623,543	639,578	1.8%	2.6%
Alabama	26,332	28,241	29,412	1.2	4.1
Arkansas	11,915	13,729	14,314	2.4	4.3
Delaware ^a	6,921	7,186	7,276	0.6	1.3
District of Columbia	7,456	~	~	:	:
Florida	71,319	92,969	98,219	4.5	5.6
Georgia ^c	44,232	52,792	54,256	3.0	2.8
Kentucky	14,919	20,000	22,457	5.0	12.3
Louisiana	35,207	37,012	37,540	0.8	1.4
Maryland	23,538	22,945	23,433	-0.4	2.1
Mississippi	20,241	21,068	22,431	0.7	6.5
North Carolina	31,266	37,460	37,970	3.1	1.4
Oklahoma	23,181	26,243	25,849	2.1	-1.5
South Carolina	21,778	23,616	24,239	1.4	2.6
Tennessee	22,166	25,745	26,267	2.5	2.0
Texas	166,719	172,116	171,790	0.5	-0.2
Virginia	30,168	36,688	38,069	3.3	3.8
West Virginia	3,856	5,733	6,056	6.8	5.6
West	272,427	314,872	316,974	2.4%	0.7%
Alaska ^a	4,173	5,069	5,167	3.3	1.9
Arizona ^c	26,510	35,801	37,746	5.1	5.4
California	163,001	175,512	174,282	1.2	-0.7
Colorado	16,833	22,481	22,841	4.9	1.6
Hawaii ^a	5,053	5,967	5,978	2.8	0.2
Idaho	5,535	7,124	7,319	4.3	2.7
Montana	3,105	3,563	3,462	2.3	-2.8
Nevada ^b	10,063	12,901	13,400	4.2	:
New Mexico	5,342	6,639	6,466	3.7	-2.6
Oregon	10,580	13,707	13,948	4.4	1.8
Utah	5,637	6,433	6,509	2.2	1.2
Washington	14,915	17,561	17,772	2.8	1.2
Wyoming	1,680	2,114	2,084	3.9	-1.4

:Not calculated.

~Not applicable. As of December 31, 2001, sentenced felons from the District of Columbia were the responsibility of the Federal Bureau of Prisons.

^aPrisons and jails form one integrated system. Data include total jail and prison populations.

^bEstimates only. Data for 2007 were not available at time of publication.

^cPopulation based on custody counts.

Rate of growth in admissions and releases slowed during 2007

During 2007, the number of sentenced prisoners (751,593) admitted to either state or federal prison was greater than the number who were released (725,402), a difference of 26,191 sentenced prisoners (table 3). The 0.2% increase in admissions during 2007 was the slowest growth since yearend 2000. This growth was also slower than the average annual increase of 2.7% witnessed from 2000 through 2007. In addition, the 1.7% increase in releases during 2007 was the lowest increase since yearend 2002 (0.2%) and was lower than the average annual increase of 2.6% from 2000 through 2007.

In 2007, federal admissions totaled 53,618 prisoners and state admissions totaled 697,975 prisoners (table 4). New court commitments accounted for 64.5% of all admissions, 62.4% of state admissions, and 90.8% of federal admissions (appendix table 5). Parole violators accounted for 33.8% of all admissions, 35.7% of state admissions, and 9.2% of federal admissions.

1 in every 198 U.S. residents was serving a sentence in state or federal prison in 2007

Males accounted for most (93.1%) of the 1.5 million sentenced prisoners under jurisdiction. Black males made up the largest percentage of the overall sentenced population (36.3%) and the sentenced male population (39.0%) (table 5). An estimated 471,400 white males made up 30.8% of the overall sentenced population and 33.0% of the sentenced male population. Hispanic males made up about a fifth of both populations. The largest absolute number and percentage of sentenced females were white (50,500 prisoners or 47.9%), followed by black females (29,300 prisoners or 27.8%) and Hispanic females (17,600 prisoners or 16.7%).

Table 3. Number of sentenced prisoners admitted and released from state and federal jurisdiction, 2000-2007

Year	Admissions			Releases		
	Total	Federal	State	Total	Federal	State
2000	625,219	43,732	581,487	604,858	35,259	569,599
2001	638,978	45,140	593,838	628,626	38,370	590,256
2002	661,082	48,144	612,938	630,176	42,339	587,837
2003	686,437	52,288	634,149	656,384	44,199	612,185
2004	699,812	52,982	646,830	672,202	46,624	625,578
2005	733,009	56,057	676,952	698,459	47,981	650,478
2006	749,798	57,495	692,303	713,473	47,920	665,553
2007	751,593	53,618	697,975	725,402	48,411	676,991
Average annual change, 2000-2006	3.1%	4.7%	2.9%	2.8%	5.2%	2.6%
Percent change, 2006-2007	0.2	-6.7	0.8	1.7	1.0	1.7

Note: Totals exclude transfers, escapes, and AWOLs.

Table 4. Number of sentenced admissions into state prisons, by type of admission, 2000-2007

Year	Admissions		
	Total ^a	New court commitments	Parole violators ^b
2000	581,487	350,431	203,569
2001	593,838	365,714	215,450
2002	612,938	392,661	207,961
2003	634,149	399,843	209,753
2004	646,830	411,300	219,033
2005	676,952	421,426	232,229
2006	692,303	441,606	239,495
2007	697,975	435,733	248,923

^aTotals based on inmates with a sentence of more than a year. Totals exclude transfers, escapes, and AWOLs.

^bParole violators include prisoners with revoked parole, other conditional release violators, and intermediate sanctions imposed upon parolees in lieu of revoking parole.

Table 5. Sentenced prisoners under state or federal jurisdiction, December 31, 2000, 2006, and 2007

	Number of prisoners			Average annual change, 2000-2006	Percent change, 2006-2007
	2000	2006	2007		
Total^a	1,331,300	1,504,700	1,532,800	2.1%	1.9%
Male^a	1,247,000	1,401,400	1,427,300	2.0%	1.8%
White ^b	401,900	478,800	471,400	3.0	-1.5
Black ^b	532,400	535,100	556,900	0.1	4.1
Hispanic or Latino	242,600	291,000	301,200	3.1	3.5
Female^a	84,300	103,300	105,500	3.4%	2.1%
White ^b	33,600	49,200	50,500	6.6	2.6
Black ^b	32,200	28,600	29,300	-2.0	2.4
Hispanic or Latino	13,100	17,500	17,600	4.9	0.6

Note: Includes prisoners serving a sentence of a year or more under state or federal jurisdiction. Estimates updated and may differ from previously published estimates.

^aIncludes American Indians, Alaska Natives, Asians, Native Hawaiians, other Pacific Islanders, and persons identifying two or more races.

^bExcludes persons of Hispanic or Latino origin.

Increases in the sentenced population resulted in higher imprisonment rates (the number of state or federal prisoners under state or federal jurisdiction per 100,000 U.S. residents). As of December 31, 2007, there were 506 sentenced prisoners per 100,000 U.S. residents (1 in every 198 U.S. residents) up from 501 per 100,000 at yearend 2006 (table 6). At yearend 2007, the federal imprisonment rate reached 59 prisoners per 100,000 U.S. residents. The state imprisonment rate reached 447 prisoners per 100,000 U.S. residents.

The 2007 sentenced male imprisonment rate (955 prisoners per 100,000 U.S. residents) was almost 14 times that of the female imprisonment rate (69 per 100,000). Black male offenders had the highest imprisonment rate (3,138 prisoners per 100,000 U.S. residents) of all racial groups, male or female. This was 6.5 times the imprisonment rate of white males and 2.5 times that of Hispanic males. Similarly, the black female imprisonment rate (150 prisoners per 100,000 U.S. residents) was almost double the imprisonment rates for Hispanic (79 prisoners per 100,000) and 3 times the rate for white females (50 per 100,000).

Black imprisonment rates have decreased since 2000

Between 2000 and 2007, the number of sentenced prisoners under state or federal jurisdiction increased by an estimated 201,500 prisoners (table 7). The increase of about 69,500 white males resulted in 34.5% of the overall change. Almost a third of the growth (29.1%) resulted from the increase of about 58,600 Hispanic males, followed by an estimated increase of 24,500 sentenced black males (12.2% of the overall increase). White women accounted for 8.4% of the overall change, and Hispanic females for about 2.2%. The number of imprisoned black females declined by approximately 2,900 during this period.

In 2000, Hispanic males comprised 18.2% of the sentenced male population. At yearend 2007, this percentage had increased to 19.7%. The percentage of white males also increased slightly from 30.2% to 30.8% while the percentage of black males decreased from 40.0% to 36.3%.

White females made up 2.5% of the total prison population in 2000 and 3.3% in 2007. During the same period, the percentage of the prison population made up of black females decreased from 2.4% to 1.9%. The Hispanic female prison population was fairly stable, comprising 1.0% of all sentenced prisoners in 2000 and 1.1% in 2007.

While the imprisonment rates for most groups increased during the past 7 years, the imprisonment rates for black males and black females decreased. At yearend 2000, the black male imprisonment rate was 3,188 prisoners per 100,000 U.S. residents. White men were imprisoned at a rate of 410 prisoners per 100,000 U.S. residents. By yearend 2007, the black male imprisonment rate had decreased to 3,138 prisoners per 100,000 U.S. residents,

Table 6. Imprisonment rates for sentenced prisoners, December 31, 2000, 2006, and 2007

	Imprisonment rate per 100,000 U.S. residents			Change 2000-2007
	2000	2006	2007	
Total ^a	478	501	506	28
Male^a	915	943	955	40
White ^b	410	487	481	71
Black ^b	3,188	3,042	3,138	-50
Hispanic or Latino	1,419	1,261	1,259	-160
Female^a	59	68	69	10
White ^b	33	48	50	17
Black ^b	175	148	150	-25
Hispanic or Latino	78	81	79	1

Note: Imprisonment rates are based on U.S. Census Bureau population estimates per 100,000 U.S. residents. Resident population estimates are as of January 1 in each year following the reference year.

^aIncludes American Indians, Alaska Natives, Asians, Native Hawaiians, other Pacific Islanders, and persons identifying two or more races.

^bExcludes persons of Hispanic or Latino origin.

Table 7. Total change in number of sentenced prisoners, December 31, 2000 to 2007

	Total	Percent of total increase
Total ^a	201,500	100.0%
Male^a	180,300	89.5
White ^b	69,500	34.5
Black ^b	24,500	12.2
Hispanic or Latino	58,600	29.1
Female^a	21,200	10.5
White ^b	16,900	8.4
Black ^b	-2,900	-1.4
Hispanic or Latino	4,500	2.2

Note: Numbers are estimated and rounded to the nearest 100. Estimates updated and may differ from previously published estimates.

^aIncludes American Indians, Alaska Natives, Asians, Native Hawaiians, and other Pacific Islanders, and persons identifying two or more races.

^bExcludes persons of Hispanic or Latino origin.

while the white male imprisonment rate increased to 481 prisoners per 100,000 U.S. residents. These changes resulted in a decrease in the ratio of imprisoned black men to imprisoned white men. In 2000 the ratio was 8 to 1 and in 2007 the ratio was 7 to 1.

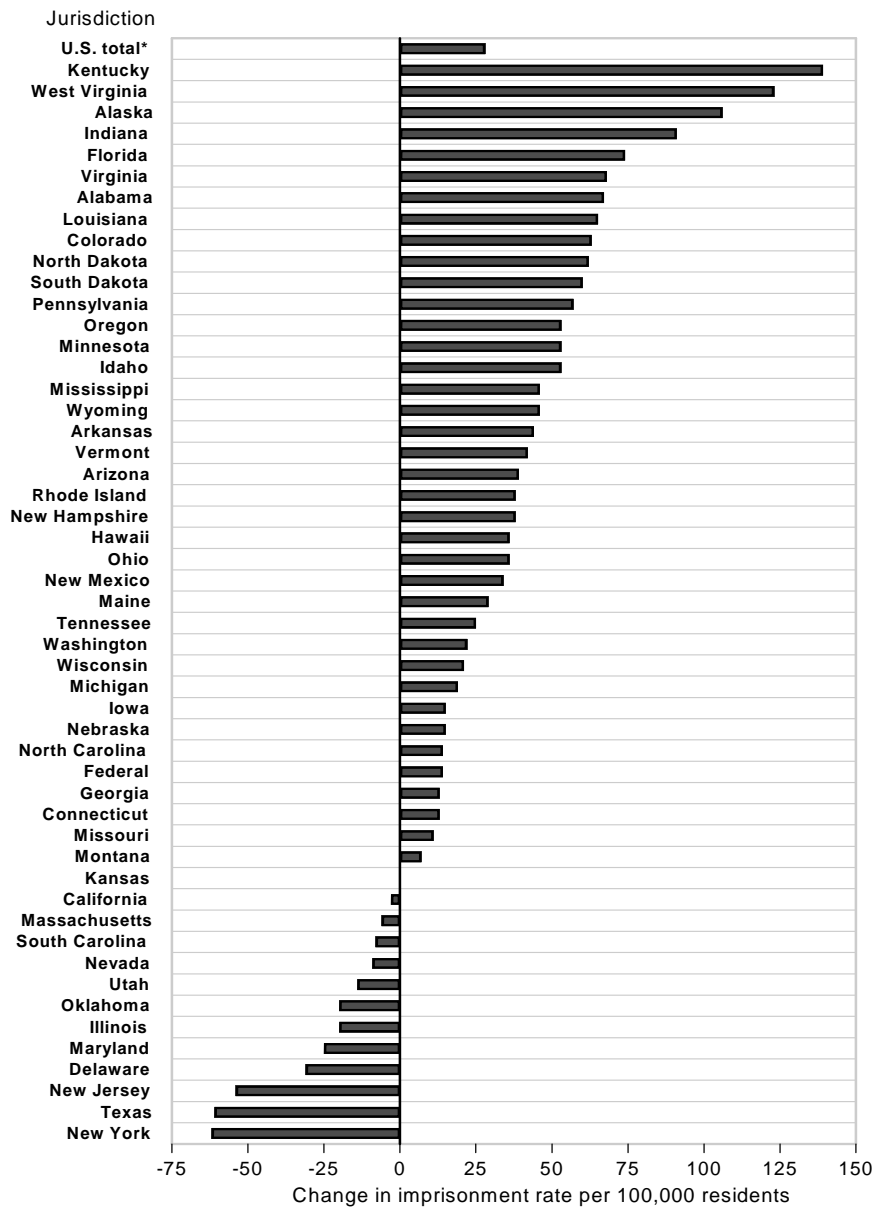
The ratio of the black female imprisonment rate to white female imprisonment rate also decreased. The imprisonment rate for black females dropped from 175 prisoners per 100,000 U.S. residents at yearend 2000 to 150 prisoners per 100,000 at yearend 2007. The white female imprisonment rate increased from 33 prisoners per 100,000 U.S. residents to 50 prisoners per 100,000. These changes resulted in a decreased in the ratio of imprisoned black females to imprisoned white females. The ratio at yearend 2007 was 3 to 1. In 2000 the ratio was 5 to 1.

Trends in imprisonment rates, 2000-2007

From 2000 to 2007, the imprisonment rate increased from 478 prisoners per 100,000 U.S. residents to 506 residents per 100,000. *Imprisonment rate* refers to the number of prisoners sentenced to more than one year, under state or federal jurisdiction, per 100,000 U.S. residents. State (37 states) and federal imprisonment rates increased between yearend 2000 and yearend 2007. States with the largest increases during these years were Kentucky (up by 139 prisoners per 100,000 residents), West Virginia (up by 123 prisoners per 100,000), Alaska (up by 106 prisoners per 100,000), and Indiana (up by 91 prisoners per 100,000) (figure 2). The sentenced jurisdiction populations of these four states also increased during these years. With the exception of Alaska, the general populations of these states increased only slightly.

During the same time period, the imprisonment rates in 12 states decreased. New York experienced the largest decrease of 62 prisoners per 100,000 residents, followed by Texas, down 61 prisoners per 100,000 residents, and New Jersey, down 54 prisoners per 100,000 residents. The sentenced prison populations in New York and New Jersey declined during this period. In Texas the prison population increased from 2000 to 2007, while the state resident population increased at a faster rate, leading to the decline in the imprisonment rate. Kansas was the only state in which there was no change in the imprisonment rate.

Change in imprisonment rates, 2000-2007



*Illinois, Nevada, and Maine did not provide data for 2007. The U.S., Illinois, Nevada, and Maine imprisonment rates are estimated. See *Methodology*.

Figure 2

Number of inmates in custody reached nearly 2.3 million

As of December 31, 2007, there were 2,293,157 inmates held in custody in state and federal prisons and in local jails. *Custody* comprises all inmates held in state or federal public prisons or local jails, regardless of sentence length or the state having jurisdiction.¹ This 1.5% increase during 2007 was slightly smaller than the rate of growth in the jurisdiction and sentenced populations (table 8). Two-thirds of inmates in custody (1,512,576 inmates) were held in state or federal prisons. The remaining third (780,581 inmates) were being held in local jails.

During 2007, the incarceration rate rose to 756 inmates per 100,000 U.S. residents—up from 751 per 100,000 in 2006.² At yearend 2007, 1 in every 132 persons in the United States was held in custody.

¹The total custody count does not include inmates held in U.S. territories, military facilities, U.S. Immigration and Customs Enforcement facilities, jails in Indian Country, and juvenile facilities.

²Incarceration rate refers to the number of inmates held in the custody of state or federal prisons or in local jails per 100,000 U.S. residents.

States increased prison capacity during 2007

State and federal correctional authorities provide three measures of their facilities' capacity:

Rated capacity is the number of beds or inmates assigned by a rating official to institutions within the jurisdiction.

Operational capacity is the number of inmates that can be accommodated based on a facility's staff, existing programs, and services.

Design capacity is the number of inmates that planners or architects intended for the facility.

Highest capacity is the sum of the maximum number of beds and inmates reported by the states or federal system across the three capacity measures, and the lowest capacity is the minimum of these three measures. Estimates of prison populations as a percentage of capacity are based on the custody population. In general, a state's capacity and custody counts exclude inmates held in private facilities. Some states include prisoners held in private facilities as part of the capacity of their prison systems. In these states, prison population as a percent of capacity includes private prisoners.

Table 8. Inmates in custody in state or federal prisons or in local jails, December 31, 2000, 2006, and 2007

	Number of inmates			Average annual change, 2000-2006	Percent change, 2006-2007
	2000	2006	2007		
Total inmates in custody^a	1,937,482	2,258,983	2,293,157	2.6%	1.5%
Federal prisoners^b					
Total	140,064	190,844	197,285	5.3	3.4
Prisons	133,921	183,381	189,154	5.4	3.1
Federal facilities	124,540	163,118	165,975	4.6	1.8
Privately-operated facilities	9,381	20,263	23,179	13.7	14.4
Community Corrections Centers ^c	6,143	7,463	8,131	3.3	9.0
State prisoners	1,176,269	1,302,129	1,315,291	1.7%	1.0%
Inmates held in local jails^d	621,149	766,010	780,581	3.6%	1.9%
Incarceration rate^e	684	751	756		

Note: Counts include all inmates held in public and private adult correctional facilities and in local jails.

^aTotal includes all inmates held in state or federal public prison facilities or in local jails. It does not include inmates held in U.S. territories, military facilities, U.S. Immigration and Customs Enforcement facilities, jails in Indian Country, and juvenile facilities.

^bAfter 2001, responsibility for sentenced felons from the District of Columbia was transferred to the Federal Bureau of Prisons.

^cNon-secure, privately-operated community corrections centers.

^dCounts for inmates held in local jails are for the last working day of June in each year. Counts were estimated from the Annual Survey of Jails in every year except 2005 when a Census of Jail Inmates was conducted. See *Methodology*.

^eThe total number of inmates in custody per 100,000 U.S. residents. Resident population estimates were as of January 1 of the following year for December 31 estimates.

At yearend 2007, the federal system reported a capacity of 122,461 beds. The highest capacity reported by states was 1,280,037 and the lowest capacity was 1,091,934 (table 9).³ States operated at 96% of their highest capacity and 113% of their lowest reported capacity. Since yearend 2006, highest capacity has increased by 2.1% and lowest capacity by 1.6%.

During 2007, 19 states and the federal system were operating at more than 100% of highest capacity. An equal number of states (19) operated in a range between 90% and 99% of capacity. The federal system was operating 36% above capacity.

The total incarcerated population reached 2.4 million

At yearend 2007, the total incarcerated population reached 2,413,112 inmates (table 10). The total incarcerated population comprises all inmates held in custody in state or federal public prisons, local jails, U.S. territories, military facilities, U.S. Immigration and Customs Enforcement (ICE) facilities, jails in Indian country, and juvenile facilities. The majority (62.7%) of these inmates were held in state or federal correctional facilities. Another 32.3% of these inmates were held in local jails. A very small percentage (5.0%) were divided among territorial, U.S. Immigration and Customs Enforcement, military and juvenile facilities, and jails in Indian country.

During 2007, the incarcerated populations decreased in military facilities (7.7%), and territorial prisons (3.5%). The largest absolute decrease occurred in territorial prisons (527 inmates), followed by the decrease in military facilities (150).

³Capacity numbers for Illinois, Maine, and Nevada are based on capacity reported at yearend 2006.

Table 9. State prison population as a percent of capacity, 1995, and 2000-2007

Year	Highest capacity	Lowest capacity
1995	114%	125%
2000	100	115
2001	101	116
2002	101	117
2003	100	116
2004	99	115
2005	99	114
2006	98	114
2007	96	113
State capacity, 2007	1,280,037	1,091,934

Note: Capacity excludes prisoners held in local jails and in privately-operated facilities.

Table 10. Total incarcerated population, December 31, 2000, 2006 and 2007

	Number of inmates		Percent change, 2006-2007
	2006	2007	
Total ^a	2,380,465	2,413,112	1.4%
Federal and state prisons	1,492,973	1,512,576	1.3
Territorial prisons	15,205	14,678	-3.5%
Local jails ^b	766,010	780,581	1.9
ICE facilities	9,615	9,720	1.1
Military facilities	1,944	1,794	-7.7
Jails in Indian country ^c	--	2,163	:
Juvenile facilities ^d	92,845	--	:

--Not available.

:Not calculated.

^aTotal includes all inmates held in state or federal public prison facilities, local jails, U.S. territories, military facilities, U.S. Immigration and Customs Enforcement facilities, jails in Indian country, and juvenile facilities.

^bCounts for inmates held in local jails are for the last working day of June in each year. Counts were estimated from the Annual Survey of Jails in every year except 2005 when a Census of Jail Inmates was conducted. See *Methodology*.

^cThe Survey of Jails in Indian Country was not conducted in 2006. The 2006 inmate population was estimated.

^dCounts are from the Census of Juveniles in Residential Placement (CJRP), conducted by the Office of Juvenile Justice Delinquency Prevention, Office of Justice Programs, U.S. Department of Justice. Data for 2007 are BJS estimates. See *Methodology*.

Other available information

The following topics are detailed in appendix tables 1-19, following *Methodology*:

- Appendix table 1. Male prisoners under jurisdiction of state or federal correctional authorities
- Appendix table 2. Female prisoners under jurisdiction of state or federal correctional authorities
- Appendix table 3. Number of sentenced prisoners under the jurisdiction of state or federal correctional authorities
- Appendix table 4. Number of sentenced prisoners admitted and released from state or federal jurisdiction, by region and jurisdiction
- Appendix table 5. Number of sentenced prisoners admitted and released from state or federal jurisdiction, by type
- Appendix table 6. Imprisonment rates of sentenced prisoners under the jurisdiction of state or federal correctional authorities, by region, and jurisdiction
- Appendix table 7. Estimated number of persons under state or federal jurisdiction, by gender, race, Hispanic origin, and age
- Appendix table 8. Estimated number of persons held in state or federal jurisdiction per 100,000 U.S. residents, by gender, race, Hispanic origin, and age
- Appendix table 9. Imprisonment rates of sentenced male and female prisoners under the jurisdiction of state or federal correctional authorities, by gender
- Appendix table 10. Estimated number of sentenced prisoners under state jurisdiction, by offense, gender, race, and Hispanic origin
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- Appendix table 16. Prisoners in custody of correctional authorities in the U.S. territories and commonwealths
- Appendix table 17. Prisoners under military jurisdiction, by branch of service
- Appendix table 18. Number of detainees held by U.S. Immigration and Customs Enforcement (ICE), by facility type
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Methodology

National Prisoner Statistics

Begun in 1926 under a mandate from Congress, the National Prisoner Statistics (NPS) program collects statistics on prisoners at midyear and yearend. The Census Bureau serves as the data collection agent for Bureau of Justice Statistics (BJS). BJS depends entirely on the voluntary participation by states' departments of corrections and the Federal Bureau of Prisons for NPS data.

The NPS distinguishes between prisoners in custody and prisoners under jurisdiction. To have custody of a prisoner, a state or federal prison must hold that prisoner in one of its facilities. To have jurisdiction over a prisoner, a state or federal prison must have legal authority over the prisoner. Some states are unable to provide counts that distinguish between custody and jurisdiction.

The NPS jurisdiction counts include prisoners serving a sentence within a jurisdiction's facilities, including prisons, penitentiaries, correctional facilities, halfway houses, boot camps, farms, training/treatment centers, and hospitals. They include prisoners who are:

- temporarily absent (less than 30 days), out to court, or on work release
- housed in privately-operated facilities, local jails, or other state or federal facilities
- serving concurrent sentences for more than one correctional authority.

The NPS custody counts include all inmates held within a respondent's facilities, including inmates housed for other correctional authorities. The custody counts exclude inmates held in local jails and in other facilities. With a few exceptions for several respondents, the NPS custody counts exclude inmates held in privately-operated facilities.

Additionally NPS data include counts of inmates in combined jail-prison systems in Alaska, Connecticut, Delaware, Hawaii, Rhode Island, and Vermont. NPS prisoner counts have excluded prisoners held by the District of Columbia. Since yearend 2001 the District of Columbia has operated only a jail system. Prisoners sentenced under the District of Columbia criminal code are housed in federal facilities.

Ratio estimates for the Illinois 2007 jurisdiction count were calculated using the data provided in 2006 for gender and sentenced individuals. (Yearend 2007 data were not received from Illinois Department of Corrections.)

Maine and Nevada were not able to provide 2007 data before publication date. Estimates were calculated using ratio estimates. All numbers were reviewed and approved by individuals at the respective departments of corrections.

For more information about the NPS data collection instruments, see: <<http://www.ojp.usdoj.gov/bjs/correct.htm#nps>>.

Military Corrections Statistics

BJS obtains yearend counts of prisoners in the custody of U.S. military authorities from the Department of Defense Corrections Council. In 1994, the council, composed of representatives from each branch of military service, adopted a standardized report (DD Form 2720) with a common set of items and definitions. This report obtains data on persons held in U.S. military confinement facilities inside and outside of the continental United States, by branch of service, gender, race, Hispanic origin, conviction status, sentence length, and offense. It also provides data on the number of facilities and their design and rated capacities.

Other inmate counts

In 1995, BJS began collecting yearend counts of inmates from the departments of corrections in the U.S. Territories (American Samoa, Guam, and the U.S. Virgin Islands) and U.S. Commonwealths (Northern Mariana Islands and Puerto Rico). These counts include all inmates for whom the territory or commonwealth had legal authority (jurisdiction) and all inmates in physical custody (held in prison or local jail facilities). The counts are collected by gender, race, Hispanic origin, and sentence length. In addition, BJS obtains reports on the design, rated, and operational capacities of these correctional facilities.

BJS obtains yearend counts of persons detained by U.S. Immigration and Customs Enforcement (ICE), formerly the U.S. Immigration and Naturalization Service, an agency within the Department of Homeland Security. ICE holds persons for immigration violations in federal, state, and locally operated prisons and jails, as well as in privately-operated facilities under exclusive contract and ICE-operated facilities.

Data on the number of inmates held in the custody of local jails are from the BJS Annual Survey of Jails (ASJ). The ASJ provides data on inmates in custody at midyear. For more information about the ASJ, see *Methodology* in *Jail Inmates at Midyear 2007*. See <<http://www.ojp.usdoj.gov/bjs/abstract/jim07.htm>>.

Data on federal prisoners are obtained from BJS' Federal Justice Statistics Program (FJSP). The FJSP obtains data from the Federal Bureau of Prisons. These data include individual-level records of prisoners in federal facilities as of September 30. Specifically the FJSP provides counts of sentenced federal inmates by gender, race, Hispanic origin, and offense.

Estimates of juvenile inmates for 2007 are based on average annual change from 2003 to 2006 as reported by the Office of Juvenile Justice and Delinquency Prevention (OJJDP), Office of Justice Programs, U.S. Department of Justice.

Estimating age-specific imprisonment rates

Estimates are provided for the number of sentenced prisoners under state or federal jurisdiction by gender. Further, within genders prisoners are characterized by age group, race (non-Hispanic white and non-Hispanic black), and Hispanic origin. The detailed race and Hispanic origin categories exclude estimates of persons identifying two or more races.

For 2000 and 2007 estimates were produced separately for prisoners under state and federal jurisdiction, and then combined to obtain a total estimated population. State estimates were prepared by combining information about the gender of prisoners from the NPS with information on self-reported race and Hispanic origin from the 2005 Survey of Inmates of State Correctional Facilities.

For the estimates of federal prisoners, the distributions of FJSP counts of sentenced federal prisoners by gender, age, race, and Hispanic origin on September 30, 2007,

were applied to the NPS counts of sentenced federal prisoners by gender at yearend 2007.

Estimates of the U.S. resident population for January 1, 2008, by age, gender, race, and Hispanic origin, were generated by applying the December 31, 2007 age distributions within gender, race, and Hispanic origin groups to the January 1, 2008 population estimates by gender. The population estimates were provided by the U.S. Census Bureau.

Age-specific rates of imprisonment for each demographic group were calculated by dividing the estimated number of sentenced prisoners within each age group by the estimated number of U.S. residents in each age group. That number was multiplied by 100,000, and then rounded to the nearest whole number. Gender totals include all prisoners and U.S. residents regardless of racial or Hispanic origin. Imprisonment rates for detailed race and Hispanic origin groups exclude persons identifying two or more races.

NPS jurisdiction notes

Alaska—Prisons and jails form one integrated system. All NPS data include jail and prison populations housed in-state and out of state. Jurisdictional counts exclude inmates held in local jails that are operated by communities.

Arizona—Population counts are based on custody data and inmates in contracted beds.

California—Jurisdiction counts include felons and unsentenced inmates who are temporarily absent, i.e., housed in local jails, hospitals, etc.

Colorado—Counts include 211 inmates in the Youthful Offender System, which was established primarily for violent juvenile offenders.

Capacity figures exclude seven privately run facilities under contract with the Department of Corrections.

Delaware—Prisons and jails form one integrated system. All NPS data include jail and prison populations.

Federal—Custody counts include inmates housed in secure facilities where the BOP contracted directly with a private operator or subcontracted with a private provider at a local government facility. Custody includes inmates held in non-secure privately-operated community corrections centers, e.g., halfway houses, and on home confinement.

Florida—Counts are not comparable to last year due to new methods of data collection by Florida correctional officials.

Georgia—Counts are based on custody data.

Hawaii—Prisons and jails form one integrated system. All NPS data include jail and prison populations.

Illinois—Data for 2007 were not received. All data for December 31, 2007 are based on ratio estimates using NPS 1b data from 2005. Population counts are based on jurisdiction data. Counts of inmates with a sentence of more than a year include an undetermined number of inmates with a sentence of less than a year. These estimates will be updated upon receipt of data.

Iowa—Population counts are based on custody data. Population counts for inmates with a sentence of more than a year include an undetermined number of inmates with a sentence of less than a year and unsentenced inmates. Iowa does not differentiate between these groups in its data system. Due to a change in reporting in 2006, out of state inmates have been included in jurisdiction counts.

Kansas—Admission and release data are based on the custody population. Due to a new, electronic reporting system, 2007 admission and release data are not comparable to previous years' counts.

Louisiana—Counts are as of December 27, 2007. Counts include 15,789 males and 1,289 females housed in local jails as a result of a partnership with the Louisiana Sheriffs' Association and local authorities. Custody and jurisdiction counts include evacuees from Hurricane Katrina and

other pre-trial offenders from Orleans and Jefferson parish jails. Due to the effects of Hurricane Katrina, Orleans and Jefferson parish prison capacities are down. Therefore, local jail population is down from the 2004 counts.

Maine—Data for 2007 were not available at the time of publication. Estimates based on 2006 numbers were used for all tables. These estimates will be updated upon receipt of data.

Maryland—The number of prisoners listed with their race as "unknown" has increased due to changes in the information system.

Massachusetts—By law, offenders may be sentenced to terms of up to 2 years and 6 months in locally-operated jails and correctional institutions. Such populations are included in counts and rates for local jails and correctional institutions. About 6,200 inmates with sentences of more than one year were held in local jails. Jurisdiction and custody counts include an undetermined number of inmates who were remanded to court, transferred to the custody of another state, federal, or locally-operated system, and subsequently released.

NPS jurisdiction notes (continued)

Minnesota—Counts include inmates temporarily housed in local jails or private contract facilities, or on work release and community work crew programs.

Mississippi—Operational and design capacities include private prison capacities.

Missouri—Design capacities are not available for older prisons. Operational capacity is defined as the number of available beds including those temporarily offline. Missouri Department of Corrections does not have updated design capacity for prison extensions or improvements.

Montana—Population counts include a small number of inmates with unknown sentence lengths.

Capacity figures include two county operated regional prisons (an estimated 300 beds), one private prison (500 beds), and a state operated boot camp (60 beds).

In 2006, the Department of Corrections changed the method of accounting for community corrections offenders placed in residential treatment programs. To track growth patterns, a new standard process was applied to historic populations which resulted in some changes to previous years' counts.

Nevada—Due to a system conversion, data for 2007 were calculated with ratio estimates, and are based on 2006 numbers. All estimates were reviewed by individuals at the Nevada Department of Corrections.

New Jersey—Counts of inmates with a sentence of more than a year include an undetermined number of inmates with sentences of just a year. The Department of Corrections has no jurisdiction over inmates with sentences of less than a year or over unsentenced inmates.

Rated capacity figures are not maintained.

North Carolina—Capacity figures refer to standard operating capacity, based on single occupancy per cell and 50 square feet per inmate in multiple occupancy units.

Ohio—Counts of inmates with a sentence of more than a year include an undetermined number of inmates with sentences of a year or less.

Oklahoma—Population counts for inmates with sentences of less than a year consist mainly of offenders ordered by the court to the Delayed Sentencing Program for Young Adults pursuant to 22 O.S. 996 through 996.3.

As of November 4, 1998, Oklahoma has one type of capacity, which includes state prisons, private prisons, and contract jails.

Oregon—Counts include an undetermined number of inmates with sentences of a year or less. County authorities retain jurisdiction over the majority of these types of inmates.

Pennsylvania—As of May 31, 2004, the Department of Corrections began using a new capacity reporting system based on design as well as other crucial factors such as facility infrastructure, support services, and programming.

Rhode Island—Prisons and jails form one integrated system. All NPS data include jail and prison populations.

South Carolina—Population counts include 36 inmates who were unsentenced, under safekeeping, or ICC status. As of July 1, 2003, South Carolina Department of Corrections (SCDC) began releasing inmates due for release and housed in SCDC institutions on the 1st day of each month. Because January 1, 2008 was a holiday, inmates eligible for release on January 1 were released on December 31, 2007. Therefore, the inmate count was at its lowest point for the month on December 31, 2007.

Texas—Jurisdiction counts include inmates serving time in a pre-parole transfer (PPT) or intermediary sanctions facility (ISF), substance abuse felony punishment facility (SAFPF), private facilities, halfway houses, temporary releases to counties, and paper-ready inmates in local jails.

Vermont—Prisons and jails form one integrated system. All NPS data include jail and prison populations. Improved methods were used to measure admissions and releases. Admission and release data for 2006 and 2007 are not comparable.

Virginia—Jurisdiction counts are as of December 28, 2007. Rated capacity is the Department of Corrections' count of beds, which takes into account the number of inmates that can be accommodated based on staff, programs, services and design.

Washington—A recently revised law allows increasing numbers of certain inmates with sentences of less than a year to be housed in prison.

Wisconsin—Operational capacity excludes contracted local jails, federal and other state and private facilities.



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This report in portable document format (includes 19 appendix tables) and in ASCII and its related statistical data are available at the BJS World Wide Web Internet site: <<http://www.ojp.usdoj.gov/bjs/abstract/p07.htm>>.

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The Bureau of Justice Statistics is the statistical agency of the U.S. Department of Justice. Michael D. Sinclair is the acting director.

BJJS Bulletins present the first release of findings from permanent data collection programs.

The Bulletin was written by Heather C. West and William J. Sabol, Ph.D. Todd Minton verified the report and provided statistical support.

Steve Simoncini carried out the data collection and processing under the supervision of Charlene M. Sebold, Governments Division, Census Bureau, U.S. Department of Commerce. Duane H. Cavanaugh provided technical assistance.

Catherine Bird edited the report. Tina Dorsey and Georgette Walsh produced the report. Jayne E. Robinson prepared the report for final printing under the supervision of Doris J. James.

December 2008, NCJ 224280

Appendix table 1. Male prisoners under jurisdiction of state or federal correctional authorities, December 31, 2000, 2006, and 2007

Region and jurisdiction	Number of male prisoners			Average annual change	Percent change
	2000	2006	2007	2000-2006	2006-2007
U.S. Total^a	1,298,027	1,457,486	1,483,896	1.9%	1.8%
Federal	135,171	180,071	186,280	4.9	3.4
State ^a	1,162,856	1,277,415	1,297,616	1.6	1.6
Northeast	165,744	168,087	169,400	0.2%	0.8%
Connecticut ^b	16,949	18,972	19,428	1.9	2.4
Maine	1,613	1,975	2,070	3.4	4.8
Massachusetts	10,059	10,186	10,646	0.2	4.5
New Hampshire	2,137	2,633	2,741	3.5	4.1
New Jersey	28,134	25,943	25,417	-1.3	-2.0
New York	66,919	60,456	59,869	-1.7	-1.0
Pennsylvania	35,268	42,148	43,506	3.0	3.2
Rhode Island ^b	3,048	3,716	3,736	3.4	0.5
Vermont ^b	1,617	2,058	1,987	4.1	-3.4
Midwest	222,780	243,743	245,207	1.5%	0.6%
Illinois	42,432	/	/	:	:
Indiana	18,673	23,924	24,837	4.2	3.8
Iowa ^c	7,363	8,049	8,015	1.5	-0.4
Kansas	7,840	8,178	8,071	0.7	-1.3
Michigan	45,587	49,407	48,153	1.4	-2.5
Minnesota	5,870	8,546	8,866	6.5	3.7
Missouri	25,550	27,588	27,335	1.3	-0.9
Nebraska	3,629	3,994	4,106	1.6	2.8
North Dakota	1,008	1,206	1,269	3.0	5.2
Ohio	43,025	45,465	46,909	0.9	3.2
South Dakota	2,416	3,009	2,942	3.7	-2.2
Wisconsin	19,387	21,991	22,216	2.1	1.0
South	521,562	575,711	591,075	1.7%	2.7%
Alabama	24,506	26,191	27,254	1.1	4.1
Arkansas	11,143	12,687	13,248	2.2	4.4
Delaware ^b	6,324	6,615	6,699	0.8	1.3
District of Columbia	7,100	~	~	:	:
Florida	67,214	86,480	91,365	4.3	5.6
Georgia ^c	41,474	49,235	50,711	2.9	3.0
Kentucky	13,858	17,942	20,016	4.4	11.6
Louisiana	32,988	34,623	35,082	0.8	1.3
Maryland	22,319	21,864	22,249	-0.3	1.8
Mississippi	18,572	19,279	20,469	0.6	6.2
North Carolina	29,363	34,774	35,344	2.9	1.6
Oklahoma	20,787	22,950	23,242	1.7	1.3
South Carolina	20,358	22,013	22,635	1.3	2.8
Tennessee	20,797	23,787	24,344	2.3	2.3
Texas	153,097	158,317	157,859	0.6	-0.3
Virginia	28,109	33,795	35,136	3.1	4.0
West Virginia	3,553	5,159	5,422	6.4	5.1
West	252,770	289,874	291,934	2.3%	0.7%
Alaska ^b	3,889	4,551	4,603	2.7	1.1
Arizona ^c	24,546	32,650	34,286	4.9	5.0
California	151,840	163,535	162,654	1.2	-0.5
Colorado	15,500	20,179	20,506	4.5	1.6
Hawaii	4,492	5,233	5,232	2.6	0.0
Idaho	5,042	6,347	6,519	3.9	2.7
Montana	2,799	3,209	3,161	2.3	-1.5
Nevada	9,217	11,765	12,221	4.2	3.9
New Mexico	4,831	5,972	5,890	3.6	-1.4
Oregon	9,984	12,687	12,888	4.1	1.6
Utah	5,256	5,810	5,878	1.7	1.2
Washington	13,850	16,065	16,258	2.5	1.2
Wyoming	1,524	1,871	1,838	3.5	-1.8

/Not reported.

:Not calculated.

~Not applicable. As of December 31, 2001, sentenced felons from the District of Columbia were the responsibility of the Federal Bureau of Prisons.

^aTotals estimated. Illinois did not provide data in 2006 and 2007. Maine and Nevada did not provide data in 2007.

^bPrisons and jails form one integrated system. Data include total jail and prison populations.

^cPopulation based on custody counts.

Appendix table 2. Female prisoners under jurisdiction of state or federal correctional authorities, December 31, 2000, 2006, and 2007

Region and jurisdiction	Number of female prisoners			Average annual change	Percent change
	2000	2006	2007	2000-2006	2006-2007
U.S. Total^a	93,234	112,459	114,420	3.2%	1.7%
Federal	10,245	12,975	13,338	4.0	2.8
State ^a	82,989	99,484	101,082	3.1	1.6
Northeast	9,082	9,730	9,707	1.2%	-0.2%
Connecticut ^b	1,406	1,594	1,496	2.1	-6.1
Maine	66	145	152	14.0	4.8
Massachusetts	663	846	790	4.1	-6.6
New Hampshire	120	172	202	6.2	17.4
New Jersey	1,650	1,428	1,410	-2.4	-1.3
New York	3,280	2,859	2,754	-2.3	-3.7
Pennsylvania	1,579	2,249	2,463	6.1	9.5
Rhode Island ^b	238	280	282	2.7	0.7
Vermont ^b	80	157	158	11.9	0.6
Midwest	14,598	17,670	17,832	3.2%	0.9%
Illinois	2,849	/	/	:	:
Indiana	1,452	2,167	2,295	6.9	5.9
Iowa ^c	592	789	717	4.9	-9.1
Kansas	504	638	625	4.0	-2.0
Michigan	2,131	2,170	2,080	0.3	-4.1
Minnesota	368	562	602	7.3	7.1
Missouri	1,993	2,579	2,522	4.4	-2.2
Nebraska	266	413	399	7.6	-3.4
North Dakota	68	157	147	15.0	-6.4
Ohio	2,808	3,701	3,822	4.7	3.3
South Dakota	200	350	369	9.8	5.4
Wisconsin	1,367	1,424	1,527	0.7	7.2
South	39,652	47,086	48,503	2.9%	3.0%
Alabama	1,826	2,050	2,158	1.9	5.3
Arkansas	772	1,042	1,066	5.1	2.3
Delaware ^b	597	571	577	-0.7	1.1
District of Columbia	356	~	~	:	:
Florida	4,105	6,489	6,854	7.9	5.6
Georgia ^c	2,758	3,557	3,545	4.3	-0.3
Kentucky	1,061	2,058	2,441	11.7	18.6
Louisiana	2,219	2,389	2,458	1.2	2.9
Maryland	1,219	1,081	1,184	-2.0	9.5
Mississippi	1,669	1,789	1,962	1.2	9.7
North Carolina	1,903	2,686	2,626	5.9	-2.2
Oklahoma	2,394	2,547	2,607	1.0	2.4
South Carolina	1,420	1,603	1,604	2.0	0.1
Tennessee	1,369	1,958	1,923	6.1	-1.8
Texas	13,622	13,799	13,931	0.2	1.0
Virginia	2,059	2,893	2,933	5.8	1.4
West Virginia	303	574	634	11.2	10.5
West	19,657	24,998	25,040	4.1%	0.2%
Alaska ^b	284	518	564	10.5	8.9
Arizona ^c	1,964	3,151	3,460	8.2	9.8
California	11,161	11,977	11,628	1.2	-2.9
Colorado	1,333	2,302	2,335	9.5	1.4
Hawaii ^b	561	734	746	4.6	1.6
Idaho	493	777	800	7.9	3.0
Montana	306	354	301	2.5	-15.0
Nevada	846	1,136	1,179	5.0	3.8
New Mexico	511	667	576	4.5	-13.6
Oregon	596	1,020	1,060	9.4	3.9
Utah	381	623	631	8.5	1.3
Washington	1,065	1,496	1,514	5.8	1.2
Wyoming	156	243	246	7.7	1.2

/Not reported.

:Not calculated.

~Not applicable. As of December 31, 2001, sentenced felons from the District of Columbia were the responsibility of the Federal Bureau of Prisons.

^aTotals estimated. Illinois did not provide data in 2006 and 2007. Maine and Nevada did not provide data in 2007.

^bPrisons and jails form one integrated system. Data include total jail and prison populations.

^cPopulation based on custody counts.

Appendix table 3. Number of sentenced prisoners under jurisdiction of state or federal correctional authorities, December 31, 2000, 2006, and 2007

Region and jurisdiction	Number of prisoners			Average annual change	Percent change
	2000	2006	2007	2000-2006	2006-2007
U.S. Total^a	1,331,278	1,504,660	1,532,817	2.1%	1.9%
Federal	125,044	173,533	179,204	5.6	3.3
State ^a	1,206,234	1,331,127	1,353,613	1.7	1.7
Northeast	166,632	166,078	167,667	-0.1%	1.0%
Connecticut ^b	13,155	13,746	14,397	0.7	4.7
Maine	1,635	1,997	2,093	3.4	4.8
Massachusetts	9,479	9,472	9,699	0.0	2.4
New Hampshire	2,257	2,737	2,930	3.3	7.1
New Jersey ^c	29,784	27,371	26,827	-1.4	-2.0
New York	70,199	62,974	62,177	-1.8	-1.3
Pennsylvania	36,844	43,998	45,446	3.0	3.3
Rhode Island ^b	1,966	2,149	2,481	1.5	15.4
Vermont ^b	1,313	1,634	1,617	3.7	-1.0
Midwest	236,458	260,347	261,391	1.6%	0.4%
Illinois	45,281	45,106	45,215	-0.1	0.2
Indiana	19,811	26,055	27,114	4.7	4.1
Iowa ^{c,d}	7,955	8,838	8,732	1.8	-1.2
Kansas ^c	8,344	8,816	8,696	0.9	-1.4
Michigan	47,718	51,577	50,233	1.3	-2.6
Minnesota	6,238	9,108	9,468	6.5	4.0
Missouri	27,519	30,146	29,844	1.5	-1.0
Nebraska	3,816	4,204	4,329	1.6	3.0
North Dakota	994	1,363	1,416	5.4	3.9
Ohio ^c	45,833	49,166	50,731	1.2	3.2
South Dakota	2,613	3,350	3,306	4.2	-1.3
Wisconsin	20,336	22,618	22,307	1.8	-1.4
South	538,997	597,828	615,535	1.7%	3.0%
Alabama	26,034	27,526	28,605	0.9	3.9
Arkansas	11,851	13,713	14,310	2.5	4.4
Delaware ^b	3,937	4,195	4,201	1.1	0.1
District of Columbia	5,008	~	~	:	:
Florida	71,318	92,874	98,219	4.5	5.8
Georgia ^d	44,141	52,781	54,232	3.0	2.7
Kentucky	14,919	19,514	21,823	4.6	11.8
Louisiana	35,207	36,376	37,341	0.5	2.7
Maryland	22,490	22,316	22,780	-0.1	2.1
Mississippi	19,239	19,219	21,502	0.0	11.9
North Carolina	27,043	32,219	33,016	3.0	2.5
Oklahoma	23,181	23,889	24,197	0.5	1.3
South Carolina	21,017	22,861	23,314	1.4	2.0
Tennessee	22,166	25,745	26,267	2.5	2.0
Texas	158,008	162,193	161,695	0.4	-0.3
Virginia	29,643	36,688	37,984	3.6	3.5
West Virginia	3,795	5,719	6,049	7.1	5.8
West	264,147	306,874	309,020	2.5%	0.7%
Alaska ^b	2,128	3,116	3,072	6.6	-1.4
Arizona ^d	25,412	33,557	35,490	4.7	5.8
California	160,412	173,942	172,856	1.4	-0.6
Colorado ^c	16,833	22,481	22,841	4.9	1.6
Hawaii ^b	3,553	4,373	4,367	3.5	-0.1
Idaho	5,535	7,124	7,319	4.3	2.7
Montana	3,105	3,563	3,431	2.3	-3.7
Nevada	10,063	12,753	13,245	4.0	3.9
New Mexico	4,666	6,361	6,225	5.3	-2.1
Oregon ^c	10,553	13,667	13,918	4.4	1.8
Utah	5,541	6,340	6,415	2.3	1.2
Washington	14,666	17,483	17,757	3.0	1.6
Wyoming	1,680	2,114	2,084	3.9	-1.4

Note: Sentenced prisoner is defined as a prisoner sentenced to more than 1 year.

/Not reported.

:Not calculated.

~Not applicable. As of December 31, 2001, sentenced felons from the District of Columbia were the responsibility of the Federal Bureau of Prisons.

^aTotals estimated. Illinois did not provide data in 2006 and 2007. Maine and Nevada did not provide data in 2007.

^bPrisons and jails form one integrated system. Data include total jail and prison populations.

^cIncludes some inmates sentenced to 1 year or less.

^dPopulation based on custody counts.

Appendix table 4. Number of sentenced prisoners admitted and released from state or federal jurisdiction, by region and jurisdiction, 2000, 2006, 2007

Region and jurisdiction	Admissions					Releases				
	2000	2006	2007	Average annual change, 2000-2006	Percent change, 2006-2007	2000	2006	2007	Average annual change, 2000-2006	Percent change, 2006-2007
U.S. Total	625,219	749,798	751,593	3.1%	0.2%	604,858	713,473	725,402	2.8%	1.7%
Federal	43,732	57,495	53,618	4.7	-6.7	35,259	47,920	48,411	5.2	1.0
State	581,487	692,303	697,975	2.9	0.8	569,599	665,553	676,991	2.6	1.7
Northeast	67,765	71,523	73,795	0.9%	3.2%	70,646	67,970	71,968	-0.6%	5.9%
Connecticut	6,185	6,904	6,982	1.8	1.1	5,918	6,019	6,056	0.3	0.6
Maine ^a	751	609	640	-3.4	5.1	677	501	524	-4.9	4.6
Massachusetts	2,062	2,686	3,653	4.5	36.0	2,889	2,254	3,273	-4.1	45.2
New Hampshire	1,051	1,312	1,290	3.8	-1.7	1,044	1,187	1,179	2.2	-0.7
New Jersey	13,653	13,980	13,791	0.4	-1.4	15,362	13,986	14,358	-1.6	2.7
New York	27,601	25,710	26,291	-1.2	2.3	28,828	25,079	27,009	-2.3	7.7
Pennsylvania	11,777	17,106	17,666	6.4	3.3	11,759	15,648	16,340	4.9	4.4
Rhode Island	3,701	876	1,120	:	:	3,223	967	884	:	:
Vermont	984	2,340	2,362	:	:	946	2,329	2,345	:	:
Midwest	117,776	155,549	153,906	4.7%	-1.1%	114,382	150,438	153,616	4.7%	2.1%
Illinois	29,344	/	/	:	:	28,876	/	/	:	:
Indiana	11,876	17,671	17,653	6.8	-0.1	11,053	16,410	17,099	6.8	4.2
Iowa	4,656	6,565	5,706	5.9	-13.1	4,379	5,834	5,718	4.9	-2.0
Kansas	5,002	5,063	4,849	0.2	-4.2	5,231	5,318	4,966	0.3	-6.6
Michigan	12,169	14,643	13,330	3.1	-9.0	10,874	12,641	14,685	2.5	16.2
Minnesota	4,406	7,253	7,856	8.7	8.3	4,244	7,591	7,971	10.2	5.0
Missouri	14,454	18,429	18,300	4.1	-0.7	13,346	20,092	19,323	7.1	-3.8
Nebraska	1,688	1,939	2,076	2.3	7.1	1,503	2,041	1,952	5.2	-4.4
North Dakota	605	1,101	1,028	10.5	-6.6	598	1,039	977	9.6	-6.0
Ohio	23,780	31,866	30,808	5.0	-3.3	24,793	28,552	29,236	2.4	2.4
South Dakota	1,400	2,429	3,227	9.6	32.9	1,327	3,137	3,259	15.4	3.9
Wisconsin	8,396	8,703	8,592	0.6	-1.3	8,158	8,749	8,903	1.2	1.8
South	217,950	255,495	258,223	2.7%	1.1%	210,777	247,588	246,343	2.7%	-0.5%
Alabama	6,296	10,039	10,708	8.1	6.7	7,136	11,283	11,079	7.9	-1.8
Arkansas	6,941	5,992	6,651	-2.4	11.0	6,308	5,668	6,045	-1.8	6.7
Delaware	2,709	1,546	1,899	-8.9	22.8	2,260	1,470	1,905	-6.9	29.6
Florida ^b	35,683	36,295	33,552	0.3	-7.6	33,994	35,454	28,705	0.7	-19.0
Georgia	17,373	22,347	21,134	4.3	-5.4	14,797	17,468	19,119	2.8	9.5
Kentucky ^a	8,116	14,051	15,359	9.6	9.3	7,733	13,381	13,819	9.6	3.3
Louisiana	15,735	15,067	14,548	-0.7	-3.4	14,536	14,618	14,984	0.1	2.5
Maryland	10,327	10,295	10,716	-0.1	4.1	10,004	10,176	10,123	0.3	-0.5
Mississippi	5,796	9,918	9,749	9.4	-1.7	4,940	10,123	8,455	12.7	-16.5
North Carolina	9,848	10,594	10,834	1.2	2.3	9,687	9,976	10,074	0.5	1.0
Oklahoma	7,426	8,508	8,795	2.3	3.4	6,628	7,867	8,486	2.9	7.9
South Carolina	8,460	9,597	9,912	2.1	3.3	8,676	9,208	9,461	1.0	2.7
Tennessee	13,675	13,655	14,535	0.0	6.4	13,893	15,298	15,537	1.6	1.6
Texas	58,197	71,927	72,525	3.6	0.8	59,776	70,413	73,023	2.8	3.7
Virginia	9,791	12,834	13,973	4.6	8.9	9,148	12,794	12,559	5.7	-1.8
West Virginia	1,577	2,830	3,333	10.2	17.8	1,261	2,391	2,969	11.3	24.2
West	177,996	209,736	212,051	2.8%	1.1%	173,794	199,557	205,064	2.3%	2.8%
Alaska	2,427	3,065	3,272	4.0	6.8	2,599	2,719	3,286	0.8	20.9
Arizona	9,560	13,954	14,046	6.5	0.7	9,100	12,209	12,560	5.0	2.9
California	129,640	138,523	139,608	1.1	0.8	129,621	133,905	135,920	0.5	1.5
Colorado	7,036	10,468	10,959	6.8	4.7	5,881	9,441	10,604	8.2	12.3
Hawaii	1,594	1,455	1,514	-1.5	4.1	1,379	1,500	1,518	1.4	1.2
Idaho	3,386	4,129	4,055	3.4	-1.8	2,697	3,808	3,850	5.9	1.1
Montana	1,202	2,304	2,055	11.5	-10.8	1,031	2,262	2,176	14.0	-3.8
Nevada ^a	4,929	6,108	6,375	3.6	4.4	4,374	4,700	4,904	1.2	4.3
New Mexico	3,161	4,337	4,146	5.4	-4.4	3,383	4,274	4,507	4.0	5.5
Oregon	4,059	5,484	5,331	5.1	-2.8	3,371	5,138	5,080	7.3	-1.1
Utah	3,270	3,532	3,466	1.3	-1.9	2,897	3,469	3,393	3.0	-2.2
Washington	7,094	15,540	16,478	14.0	6.0	6,764	15,363	16,488	14.7	7.3
Wyoming	638	837	746	4.6	-10.9	697	769	778	1.7	1.2

Note: Totals exclude transfers, escapees, and AWOLs.

:Not calculated.

/Not reported.

^a2007 counts were estimated. See *Methodology*.

^bA change in the reporting in 2004 excluded unsentenced prisoners and those sentenced to less than 1 year.

Appendix table 5. Number of sentenced prisoners admitted and released from state or federal jurisdiction, by type, December 31, 2007

Region and jurisdiction	Admissions			Releases		
	Total	New court commitments	Parole violators	Total	Conditional releases	Unconditional releases
U.S. Total	751,593	484,424	253,847	725,402	508,927	200,875
Federal	53,618	48,691	4,924	48,411	1,545	46,804
State	697,975	435,733	248,923	676,991	507,382	154,071
Northeast	73,795	48,340	23,508	71,968	51,983	17,034
Connecticut	6,982	5,516	1,409	6,056	3,048	2,621
Maine ^a	640	412	228	524	318	198
Massachusetts	3,653	3,344	309	3,273	996	2,243
New Hampshire	1,290	615	653	1,179	960	211
New Jersey	13,791	9,969	3,751	14,358	9,269	4,840
New York	26,291	16,461	9,724	27,009	23,732	3,006
Pennsylvania	17,666	10,222	5,753	16,340	11,195	3,161
Rhode Island	1,120	993	127	884	401	474
Vermont	2,362	808	1,554	2,345	2,064	280
Midwest	153,906	107,249	43,048	153,616	121,632	30,167
Illinois	/	/	/	/	/	/
Indiana	17,653	14,919	2,734	17,099	15,778	1,264
Iowa	5,706	3,297	839	5,718	3,608	1,290
Kansas	4,849	3,335	1,485	4,966	3,453	1,479
Michigan	13,330	8,714	4,091	14,685	12,429	1,721
Minnesota	7,856	5,067	2,781	7,971	6,632	1,326
Missouri	18,300	9,735	8,541	19,323	17,159	2,077
Nebraska	2,076	1,798	278	1,952	993	947
North Dakota	1,028	762	266	977	745	232
Ohio	30,808	26,778	3,829	29,236	15,272	13,812
South Dakota	3,227	1,229	870	3,259	2,873	371
Wisconsin	8,592	5,085	3,502	8,903	8,357	506
South	258,223	187,233	67,176	246,343	145,534	92,508
Alabama	10,708	9,247	1,436	11,079	6,920	4,000
Arkansas	6,651	4,771	1,821	6,045	5,707	286
Delaware	1,899	1,386	467	1,905	1,595	216
Florida ^b	33,552	32,253	246	28,705	7,870	19,424
Georgia	21,134	12,156	8,896	19,119	3,451	15,542
Kentucky ^a	15,359	10,969	4,390	13,819	8,928	4,769
Louisiana	14,548	9,360	4,952	14,984	13,788	1,053
Maryland	10,716	6,846	3,866	10,123	9,308	741
Mississippi	9,749	8,523	1,198	8,455	5,105	1,930
North Carolina	10,834	10,492	337	10,074	2,968	6,972
Oklahoma	8,795	6,398	2,397	8,486	5,684	2,703
South Carolina	9,912	6,596	3,161	9,461	5,044	4,195
Tennessee	14,535	8,623	5,912	15,537	10,466	5,016
Texas	72,525	44,641	26,199	73,023	55,557	13,809
Virginia	13,973	13,214	759	12,559	1,552	10,920
West Virginia	3,333	1,758	1,139	2,969	1,591	932
West	212,051	92,911	115,191	205,064	188,233	14,362
Alaska ^c	3,272	/	/	3,286	1,768	1,348
Arizona	14,046	11,912	2,134	12,560	9,637	2,270
California	139,608	46,980	92,628	135,920	133,776	1,925
Colorado	10,959	6,470	4,486	10,604	9,070	1,347
Hawaii	1,514	743	771	1,518	699	298
Idaho	4,055	3,815	240	3,850	3,309	522
Montana	2,055	678	1,374	2,176	1,945	215
Nevada ^a	6,375	5,642	733	4,904	3,170	1,734
New Mexico	4,146	2,404	1,329	4,507	2,791	1,323
Oregon	5,331	3,615	1,466	5,080	4,835	12
Utah	3,466	1,822	1,644	3,393	2,525	861
Washington	16,478	8,172	8,298	16,488	14,272	2,174
Wyoming	746	658	88	778	436	333

Note: Totals exclude transfers, escapes, and AWOLs. Total admissions include new court commitments, returned parole violators, returns from appeals and other admissions. Total releases include conditional releases, unconditional releases, individuals out on appeal or bond, deaths, and other unspecified releases.

/Not reported.

^a2007 numbers are estimated. See *Methodology*.

^bA change in reporting in 2004 excluded unsentenced prisoners and those sentenced to less than 1 year.

^cNew reporting systems prevent the disaggregation of admission type.

Appendix table 6. Imprisonment rates of sentenced prisoners, yearend 2000-2007

Region and jurisdiction	Imprisonment rate, December 31 ^a			Change, 2000-2007 Number
	2000	2006	2007	
U.S. Total^b	478	501	506	28
Federal	45	58	59	14
State ^b	432	445	447	15
Northeast	320	303	306	-13
Connecticut ^c	398	392	410	13
Maine	129	151	159	29
Massachusetts ^d	252	243	246	-6
New Hampshire	185	207	222	38
New Jersey	362	313	308	-54
New York	383	326	322	-62
Pennsylvania	307	353	365	57
Rhode Island ^c	197	202	235	38
Vermont ^c	218	262	260	42
Midwest	371	391	393	22
Illinois	371	:	:	:
Indiana	335	411	426	91
Iowa ^e	276	296	291	15
Kansas	312	318	312	0
Michigan	480	511	499	19
Minnesota	128	176	181	53
Missouri	494	514	506	11
Nebraska	228	237	243	15
North Dakota	158	214	221	62
Ohio	406	428	442	36
South Dakota	353	426	413	60
Wisconsin	376	393	397	21
South	539	547	556	17
Alabama	549	595	615	67
Arkansas	458	485	502	44
Delaware ^c	513	488	482	-31
District of Columbia	971	~	~	:
Florida	462	509	535	74
Georgia ^e	550	558	563	13
Kentucky	373	462	512	139
Louisiana	801	846	865	65
Maryland	429	396	404	-25
Mississippi	688	658	734	46
North Carolina	347	360	361	14
Oklahoma	685	664	665	-20
South Carolina	532	525	524	-8
Tennessee	399	423	424	25
Texas	730	683	669	-61
Virginia	422	477	490	68
West Virginia	211	314	333	123
West	423	437	438	15
Alaska ^c	341	462	447	106
Arizona ^e	515	509	554	39
California	474	475	471	-3
Colorado	403	469	465	63
Hawaii ^c	302	338	338	36
Idaho	430	480	483	53
Montana	348	374	356	7
Nevada	518	503	509	-9
New Mexico	279	323	313	34
Oregon	316	367	369	53
Utah	254	246	239	-14
Washington	251	271	273	22
Wyoming	349	408	394	46

: Not calculated. Data not provided for 2007. Estimates used to get the U.S. imprisonment rate. See *Methodology*.

~Not applicable. As of December 31, 2001, sentenced felons from D.C. were the responsibility of the Federal Bureau of Prisons.

^aThe number of prisoners sentenced to more than 1 year per 100,000 U.S. residents. Based on Census estimates for January 1, 2008.

^bTotals estimated. See *Methodology*.

^cPrisons and jails form one integrated system. Data include total jail and prison populations.

^dThe imprisonment rate includes an estimated 6,200 inmates sentenced to more than a year, but held in local jails or houses of corrections.

^ePopulation based on custody counts.

Appendix table 7. Estimated number of sentenced prisoners under state or federal jurisdiction, by gender, race, Hispanic origin, and age, December 31, 2007

Age	Male ^a				Female ^a			
	Total ^b	White ^c	Black ^c	Hispanic	Total ^b	White ^c	Black ^c	Hispanic
Total	1,427,300	471,400	556,900	301,200	105,500	50,500	29,300	17,600
18-19	23,700	6,400	10,200	5,000	1,000	400	300	200
20-24	207,900	58,800	84,200	49,600	11,600	5,400	3,000	2,300
25-29	246,000	65,300	102,100	61,500	16,000	7,300	4,400	3,200
30-34	237,200	69,800	96,200	55,300	18,400	8,900	5,000	3,200
35-39	225,000	74,200	89,200	46,600	20,900	9,900	6,000	3,300
40-44	201,700	74,800	76,700	36,100	18,100	8,700	5,200	2,700
45-49	135,200	52,400	50,500	22,800	10,700	5,200	3,100	1,500
50-54	75,000	31,000	26,600	12,500	5,000	2,400	1,400	700
55-59	38,600	18,600	11,700	6,200	2,100	1,200	500	300
60-64	18,900	10,500	4,600	2,900	900	600	200	100
65 and older	15,500	9,000	3,600	2,200	600	400	100	100

Note: State sentenced prisoner counts are based on estimates by gender, race, Hispanic origin, and age from the 2005 Survey of Inmates in State Correctional Facilities and updated from jurisdiction counts by gender at yearend 2007. Federal sentenced prisoner counts are based on data from the BJS Federal Justice Statistics Program from September 30, 2007 and updated from jurisdiction counts at yearend 2007.

^aSentenced prisoners are limited to those sentenced to more than 1 year.

^bTotal includes American Indians, Alaska Natives, Asians, Native Hawaiians, other Pacific Islanders, and persons identifying two or more races.

^cExcludes Hispanics and persons identifying two or more races.

Appendix table 8. Estimated number of sentenced prisoners under state or federal jurisdiction per 100,000 U.S. residents, by gender, race, Hispanic origin, and age, December 31, 2007

Age	Male ^a				Female ^a			
	Total ^b	White ^c	Black	Hispanic	Total ^b	White ^c	Black	Hispanic
Total	955	481	3,138	1,259	69	50	150	79
18-19	539	238	1,561	656	24	16	47	28
20-24	1,915	887	5,580	2,507	114	86	203	134
25-29	2,256	1,025	7,256	2,624	154	117	303	172
30-34	2,385	1,214	8,166	2,500	191	157	386	175
35-39	2,113	1,124	7,215	2,344	199	151	434	191
40-44	1,859	1,044	6,106	2,111	166	121	364	176
45-49	1,196	658	4,013	1,619	93	65	214	113
50-54	719	404	2,422	1,164	46	31	108	66
55-59	432	274	1,337	787	22	17	47	36
60-64	266	188	771	526	12	10	26	16
65 and older	95	68	294	200	3	2	5	7

Note: Based on estimates of the U.S. resident population on January 1, 2008, by gender, race, Hispanic origin, and age. Detailed categories exclude persons identifying two or more races.

^aSentenced prisoners are limited to those serving sentences of more than 1 year.

^bIncludes American Indians, Alaska Natives, Asians, Native Hawaiians, other Pacific Islanders, and persons identifying two or more races.

^cExcludes Hispanics and persons identifying two or more races.

Appendix table 9. Imprisonment rates of sentenced prisoners under jurisdiction of state or federal correctional authorities, by gender, December 31, 2007

Region and jurisdiction	Imprisonment rate, December 31, 2007 ^a		
	Total	Male	Female
U.S. Total^b	506	955	69
Federal	59	112	8
State ^b	447	844	61
Northeast	306	599	29
Connecticut ^c	410	794	45
Maine	159	303	21
Massachusetts ^d	246	301	8
New Hampshire	222	420	29
New Jersey	308	597	32
New York	322	635	27
Pennsylvania	365	710	38
Rhode Island ^c	235	463	21
Vermont ^c	260	495	32
Midwest	393	743	52
Illinois	:	:	:
Indiana	426	791	71
Iowa ^e	291	542	47
Kansas	312	584	44
Michigan	499	971	41
Minnesota	181	341	23
Missouri	506	948	83
Nebraska	243	449	41
North Dakota	221	394	46
Ohio	442	838	65
South Dakota	413	736	92
Wisconsin	397	748	50
South	556	1,050	79
Alabama	615	1,180	85
Arkansas	502	949	73
Delaware ^c	482	945	47
Florida	535	1,013	73
Georgia ^e	563	1,069	72
Kentucky	512	934	107
Louisiana	865	1,664	111
Maryland	404	793	39
Mississippi	734	1,385	121
North Carolina	361	696	41
Oklahoma	665	1,211	131
South Carolina	524	1,009	64
Tennessee	424	804	61
Texas	669	1,244	97
Virginia	490	921	74
West Virginia	333	610	68
West	438	807	67
Alaska ^c	447	785	82
Arizona ^e	554	1,009	97
California	471	880	62
Colorado	465	829	96
Hawaii ^c	338	594	79
Idaho	483	854	106
Montana	356	649	62
Nevada	509	911	92
New Mexico	313	580	54
Oregon	369	686	56
Utah	239	428	46
Washington	273	500	46
Wyoming	394	686	95

: Not calculated.

^aThe number of prisoners sentenced to more than 1 year per 100,000 U.S. residents. Based on Census estimates for January 1, 2008.

^bTotals estimated. Illinois did not provide data.

^cPrisons and jails form one integrated system. Data include total jail and prison populations.

^dThe imprisonment rate includes an estimated 6,200 inmates sentenced to more than 1 year, but held in local jails or houses of corrections.

^ePopulation based on custody counts.

Appendix table 10. Estimated number of sentenced prisoners under state jurisdiction, by offense, gender, race, and Hispanic origin, yearend 2005

	All inmates	Male	Female	White ^a	Black ^a	Hispanic
Total	1,296,700	1,208,500	88,200	470,700	504,700	240,100
Violent offenses	687,700	656,400	31,200	235,800	275,700	131,500
Murder ^b	166,700	156,800	9,800	49,300	72,100	32,200
Manslaughter	16,700	15,100	1,700	6,900	6,500	2,300
Rape	60,800	60,300	500	30,000	20,900	6,800
Other sexual assault	103,800	102,300	1,500	58,000	21,200	21,500
Robbery	177,900	170,300	7,600	38,700	95,200	30,700
Assault	129,200	121,400	7,700	40,500	48,100	32,000
Other violent	32,500	30,200	2,400	12,400	11,700	6,000
Property offenses	248,900	223,700	25,200	114,700	81,300	38,800
Burglary	124,400	118,800	5,600	54,500	42,900	20,500
Larceny	45,200	38,200	7,100	20,500	16,200	5,700
Motor vehicle theft	22,400	21,100	1,300	9,100	5,500	6,700
Fraud	32,100	22,800	9,200	17,900	9,600	2,400
Other property	24,800	22,800	2,100	12,800	7,200	3,500
Drug offenses	253,300	228,000	25,300	72,300	113,500	51,100
Public-order offenses^c	98,700	93,400	5,300	44,200	31,600	17,500
Other/unspecified^d	8,100	7,100	1,100	3,700	2,600	1,300

Note: Data are for inmates sentenced to more than 1 year under the jurisdiction of state correctional authorities. The estimates for gender were based on jurisdiction counts at yearend (NPS 1B). The estimates by race and Hispanic origin were based on data from 2005 Survey of Inmates in State Correctional Facilities and updated by yearend jurisdiction counts; estimates within offense categories were based on offense distributions from the National Corrections Reporting Program, 2005, updated by yearend jurisdiction counts. All estimates were rounded to the nearest 100. Detail may not add to total due to rounding.

^aExcludes Hispanics and persons identifying two or more races.

^bIncludes negligent manslaughter.

^cIncludes weapons, drunk driving, court offenses, commercialized vice, morals and decency offenses, liquor law violations, and other public-order offenses.

^dIncludes juvenile offenses and other unspecified offense categories.

Appendix table 11. Estimated percent of sentenced prisoners under state jurisdiction, by offense, gender, race, and Hispanic origin, yearend 2005

	All inmates	Male	Female	White ^a	Black ^a	Hispanic
Total	100.0 %	100.0 %	100.0 %	100.0 %	100.0 %	100.0 %
Violent offenses	53.0 %	54.3 %	35.4 %	50.1 %	54.6 %	54.7 %
Murder ^b	12.9	13.0	11.2	10.5	14.3	13.4
Manslaughter	1.3	1.2	1.9	1.5	1.3	1.0
Rape	4.7	5.0	0.6	6.4	4.1	2.8
Other sexual assault	8.0	8.5	1.7	12.3	4.2	9.0
Robbery	13.7	14.1	8.6	8.2	18.9	12.8
Assault	10.0	10.0	8.8	8.6	9.5	13.3
Other violent	2.5	2.5	2.7	2.6	2.3	2.5
Property offenses	19.2 %	18.5 %	28.6 %	24.4 %	16.1 %	16.2 %
Burglary	9.6	9.8	6.3	11.6	8.5	8.6
Larceny	3.5	3.2	8.0	4.3	3.2	2.4
Motor vehicle theft	1.7	1.7	1.5	1.9	1.1	2.8
Fraud	2.5	1.9	10.4	3.8	1.9	1.0
Other property	1.9	1.9	2.3	2.7	1.4	1.5
Drug offenses	19.5 %	18.9 %	28.7 %	15.4 %	22.5 %	21.3 %
Public-order offenses^c	7.6 %	7.7 %	6.1 %	9.4 %	6.3 %	7.3 %
Other/unspecified^d	0.6 %	0.6 %	1.2 %	0.8 %	0.5 %	0.5 %

Note: Data are for inmates with a sentence of more than 1 year under the jurisdiction of state correctional authorities. Detail may not add to total due to rounding.

^aExcludes Hispanics and persons identifying two or more races.

^bIncludes negligent manslaughter.

^cIncludes weapons, drunk driving, court offenses, commercialized vice, morals and decency offenses, liquor law violations, and other public-order offenses.

^dIncludes juvenile offenses and other unspecified offense categories.

Appendix table 12. Number of sentenced prisoners in federal prison, by most serious offense, 2000, 2006, and 2007

Offense	2000	2006	2007	Average annual change, 2000-2006	Percent change, 2006-2007
Total	131,739	176,268	179,204	5.0%	1.7%
Violent offenses	13,740	16,507	15,647	3.1%	-5.2%
Homicide ^a	1,363	2,923	2,915	13.6	-0.3
Robbery	9,712	9,645	8,966	-0.1	-7.0
Other violent	2,665	3,939	3,767	6.7	-4.4
Property offenses	10,135	10,015	10,345	-0.2%	3.3%
Burglary	462	519	504	2.0	-2.9
Fraud	7,506	6,437	7,834	-2.5	21.7
Other property	2,167	3,059	2,006	5.9	-34.4
Drug offenses	74,276	93,751	95,446	4.0%	1.8%
Public-order offenses	32,325	54,336	56,273	9.0%	3.6%
Immigration	13,676	19,496	19,528	6.1	0.2
Weapons	10,822	24,298	25,435	14.4	4.7
Other	7,827	10,542	11,311	5.1	7.3
Other/unspecified^b	1,263	1,659	1,492	4.7%	-10.0%

Note: All data are from the BJS Federal Justice Statistics Program. Data are for September 30 and based on all sentenced inmates, regardless of sentence length.

^aIncludes murder and negligent and nonnegligent manslaughter.

^bIncludes offenses not classified.

Appendix table 13. Number of state and federal prisoners under jurisdiction housed in private facilities, December 31, 2000, 2006, and 2007

Region and jurisdiction	Number of prisoners			Percent of prisoners
	2000	2006	2007	2007
U.S. Total	87,369	113,697	125,975	7.9%
Federal ^a	15,524	27,726	31,310	15.7
State	71,845	85,971	94,665	6.8
Northeast	2,509	4,107	4,246	2.4%
Connecticut	0	0	0	0.0
Maine	11	19	20	0.9
Massachusetts	0	0	0	0.0
New Hampshire	0	0	0	0.0
New Jersey ^b	2,498	2,602	2,686	10.0
New York	0	0	0	0.0
Pennsylvania	0	962	1,022	2.2
Rhode Island	0	0	0	0.0
Vermont ^b	0	524	518	24.1
Midwest	7,836	4,364	5,048	1.9%
Illinois	0	/	/	:
Indiana	991	1,290	1,683	6.2
Iowa	0	0	0	0.0
Kansas	0	0	0	0.0
Michigan	449	0	0	0.0
Minnesota	0	979	1,183	12.5
Missouri	0	0	0	0.0
Nebraska	0	0	0	0.0
North Dakota	96	0	0	0.0
Ohio	1,918	2,080	2,138	4.2
South Dakota	45	12	21	0.6
Wisconsin	4,337	3	23	0.1
South	45,560	53,205	56,117	8.8%
Alabama ^c	0	9	355	1.2
Arkansas	1,540	0	0	0.0
Delaware	0	0	0	0.0
District of Columbia	2,342	~	~	:
Florida	3,912	6,350	8,769	8.9
Georgia	3,746	5,075	4,974	9.2
Kentucky	1,268	2,507	2,404	10.7
Louisiana	3,068	3,066	3,004	8.0
Maryland	127	121	151	0.6
Mississippi	3,230	4,860	4,794	21.4
North Carolina	330	194	213	0.6
Oklahoma	6,931	5,708	5,917	22.9
South Carolina	0	13	9	0.0
Tennessee	3,510	5,126	5,121	19.5
Texas	13,985	18,627	18,871	11.0
Virginia	1,571	1,549	1,535	4.0
West Virginia	0	0	0	0.0
West	15,940	24,295	29,254	9.2%
Alaska	1,383	1,681	1,524	29.5
Arizona	1,430	5,213	7,790	20.6
California	4,547	2,844	5,087	2.9
Colorado	...	4,855	4,878	21.4
Hawaii	1,187	1,915	2,129	35.6
Idaho	1,162	1,925	1,969	26.9
Montana	986	1,195	1,324	38.2
Nevada	508	0	0	0.0
New Mexico	2,155	2,930	2,720	42.1
Oregon	0	0	0	0.0
Utah	208	0	0	0.0
Washington ^b	0	954	1,203	6.8
Wyoming	275	783	630	30.2

/Not reported.

:Not calculated.

~Not applicable. As of December 31, 2001, sentenced felons from the District of Columbia were the responsibility of the Federal Bureau of Prisons.

^aIncludes federal inmates held in non-secure, privately-operated facilities (6,143 in 2000, 7,463 in 2006, and 8,131 in 2007).

^bIncludes inmates held in out-of-state private facilities.

^cIncrease in number is a result of the transfer of prisoners in the state system.

Appendix table 14. Number of state and federal prisoners under jurisdiction housed in local jails, December 31, 2000, 2006, and 2007

Region and jurisdiction	Number of prisoners			Percent of prisoners
	2000	2006	2007	2007
U.S. Total	62,884	77,912	80,371	5.0%
Federal	2,438	2,010	2,144	1.1
State	60,446	75,902	78,227	5.6
Northeast	3,823	2,022	1,677	0.9
Connecticut ^a	~	~	~	~
Maine	24	0	0	0.0
Massachusetts	457	177	136	1.2
New Hampshire	14	13	52	1.8
New Jersey	3,225	1,821	1,468	5.5
New York	45	11	21	0.0
Pennsylvania	58	~	~	~
Rhode Island ^a	~	~	~	~
Vermont ^a	~	~	~	~
Midwest	2,103	2,536	3,381	1.3%
Illinois	0	/	/	:
Indiana	1,187	1,180	2,002	7.4
Iowa	0	0	0	0.0
Kansas	0	0	0	0.0
Michigan	286	62	43	0.1
Minnesota	149	508	518	5.5
Missouri	0	0	0	0.0
Nebraska	0	0	0	0.0
North Dakota	38	48	48	3.4
Ohio	0	0	0	0.0
South Dakota	16	61	55	1.7
Wisconsin	427	677	715	3.0
South	47,128	65,212	67,071	10.5%
Alabama	1,074	1,160	1,596	5.4
Arkansas	728	842	1,007	7.0
Delaware ^a	~	~	~	~
District of Columbia ^b	1,329	~	~	~
Florida ^c	0	34	1,147	1.2
Georgia	3,888	4,970	4,919	9.1
Kentucky	3,850	5,921	7,912	35.2
Louisiana	15,599	16,230	17,079	45.5
Maryland	118	162	151	0.6
Mississippi	3,700	4,684	4,952	22.1
North Carolina	0	0	0	0.0
Oklahoma	970	1,955	1,892	7.3
South Carolina	433	381	377	1.6
Tennessee	5,204	6,451	7,019	26.7
Texas	6,477	15,091	12,774	7.4
Virginia	2,962	5,965	5,097	13.4
West Virginia	796	1,366	1,149	19.0
West	7,392	6,132	6,098	1.9%
Alaska ^a	~	~	~	~
Arizona	237	43	46	0.1
California	2,758	2,468	2,782	1.6
Colorado	2,178	430	175	0.8
Hawaii ^a	~	~	~	~
Idaho	450	459	575	7.9
Montana	548	615	522	15.1
Nevada	147	148	155	1.2
New Mexico	0	140	116	1.8
Oregon	7	55	23	0.2
Utah	1,050	1,328	1,286	19.8
Washington	0	424	362	2.0
Wyoming	17	22	56	2.7

~ Not applicable.

/Not reported.

:Not calculated.

^aPrisons and jails form one integrated system.

^bAs of December 31, 2001, sentenced felons from the District of Columbia were the responsibility of the Federal Bureau of Prisons.

Appendix table 15. Reported state and federal prison capacities, December 31, 2007

Region and jurisdiction	Type of capacity measure			Custody population as a percent of—	
	Rated	Operational	Design	Highest capacity ^a	Lowest capacity ^a
Federal	122,461	...	...	136%	136%
Northeast					
Connecticut ^b	...	...	...	...%	...%
Maine ^c	1,885	1,885	1,885	:	:
Massachusetts	...	...	7,875	141	141
New Hampshire	2,524	3,000	2,270	92	122
New Jersey	...	23,300	16,876	97	134
New York	60,242	61,390	57,768	102	109
Pennsylvania	41,692	41,692	41,692	107	107
Rhode Island	4,004	4,004	4,265	88	94
Vermont	1,732	1,732	1,371	94	119
Midwest					
Illinois ^c	33,971	33,971	59,959	:%	:%
Indiana	...	24,989	...	94	94
Iowa	...	...	7,413	117	117
Kansas	9,317	...	...	94	94
Michigan	...	51,343	...	98	98
Minnesota	...	7,807	...	103	103
Missouri	...	30,788	...	97	97
Nebraska	...	3,969	3,175	111	139
North Dakota	1,044	991	1,044	133	140
Ohio	38,320	...	...	125	125
South Dakota	...	3,487	...	93	93
Wisconsin ^d	...	17,383	...	131	131
South					
Alabama ^e	...	25,686	13,728	97%	181%
Arkansas	12,961	13,610	12,863	98	103
Delaware	7,103	6,757	5,319	100	134
Florida ^e	...	95,241	72,556	91	119
Georgia ^f	...	58,231	...	102	102
Kentucky	...	13,682	14,017	92	95
Louisiana ^f	20,461	20,641	...	114	115
Maryland	...	23,155	...	99	99
Mississippi ^f	...	22,725	22,725	77	77
North Carolina ^e	33,359	38,512	...	99	115
Oklahoma ^f	24,845	24,845	24,845	96	96
South Carolina	...	23,918	...	99	99
Tennessee	20,258	19,804	...	70	71
Texas ^d	162,560	158,578	162,560	86	88
Virginia	32,765	...	...	96	96
West Virginia	4,135	5,015	4,135	98	119
West					
Alaska	3,058	3,206	...	113%	119%
Arizona	29,119	39,690	34,474	75	103
California	...	165,409	82,936	101	201
Colorado	...	14,937	13,027	119	137
Hawaii	...	3,487	2,451	95	136
Idaho ^f	6,348	6,031	6,348	111	117
Montana ^d	...	2,441	...	119	119
Nevada ^c	11,061	10,811	8,326	:	:
New Mexico ^f	...	7,131	6,653	52	56
Oregon	...	13,188	13,188	101	101
Utah	...	6,650	6,886	75	78
Washington	13,777	15,502	15,502	109	123
Wyoming	1,511	1,436	1,428	86	91

...Data not available.

/Not reported.

:Not calculated.

^aPopulation counts are based on the number of inmates held in facilities operated by the jurisdiction. Excludes inmates held in local jails, in other states, or in private facilities.

^bConnecticut no longer reports capacity because of a law passed in 1995.

^cCapacity based on numbers reported in 2006.

^dExcludes capacity of county facilities and inmates housed in them.

^eCapacity definition differs from BJS definition, see Jurisdiction Notes.

^fIncludes capacity of private and contract facilities and inmates housed in them.

Appendix table 16. Prisoners in custody of correctional authorities in the U.S. Territories and Commonwealths, December 31, 2006 and 2007

Jurisdiction	Total			Sentenced to more than 1 year			
	2006	2007	Percent change, 2006-2007	2006	2007	Percent change, 2006-2007	Incarceration rate, 2007*
Total	15,205	14,678	-3.5%	11,743	11,465	-2.4%	261
American Samoa	210	236	12.4	113	122	8.0	188
Guam	495	535	8.1	337	320	-5.0	182
Commonwealth of the Northern Mariana Islands	126	137	8.7	76	78	2.6	90
Commonwealth of Puerto Rico	13,788	13,215	-4.2	10,789	10,553	-2.2	267
U.S. Virgin Islands	586	555	-5.3	428	392	-8.4	357

*The number of prisoners with a sentence of more than 1 year per 100,000 persons in the resident population. July 1, 2007 population estimates were provided by the U.S. Census Bureau, International Data Base.

Appendix table 17. Prisoners under military jurisdiction, by branch of service, yearend 2006 and 2007

Branch of service	Total			Sentenced to more than 1 year		
	2006	2007	Percent change, 2006-2007	2006	2007	Percent change, 2006-2007
Total	1,944	1,794	-7.7%	1,135	1,089	-4.1%
To which prisoners belong						
Air Force	328	280	-14.6	215	185	-14.0
Army	880	829	-5.8	542	555	2.4
Marine Corps	407	396	-2.7	167	164	-1.8
Navy	315	268	-14.9	201	173	-13.9
Coast Guard	14	21	50.0	10	12	20.0
Holding prisoners						
Air Force	92	61	-33.7	20	9	-55.0
Army	996	912	-8.4	711	721	1.4
Marine Corps	329	338	2.7	98	97	-1.0
Navy	527	483	-8.3	306	262	-14.4

Appendix table 18. Number of detainees held by U.S. Immigration and Customs Enforcement (ICE), by facility type, December 31, 2006 and 2007

Facility type	2006	2007	Percent change, 2006-2007
Total	27,368	30,431	11.2%
Intergovernmental Service Agreement and Bureau of Prisons	17,753	20,711	16.7
ICE owned and contract	9,615	9,720	1.1

Note: Not comparable with numbers reported prior to 2006. The classification of categories have changed.

Appendix table 19. Number of detainees in custody by U.S. Immigration and Customs Enforcement authorities, by offense type, December 31, 2007

Reason held	2006	2007	Change, 2006-2007	
			Number of detainees	Percent change
Total	27,368	30,431	3,063	11.2%
Immigration law violation	13,427	13,580	153	1.1
Criminal offense	11,687	12,889	1,202	10.3
Pending charge/disposition	2,254	3,962	1,708	75.8